



City Council Planning Retreat Day #1
JANUARY 16, 2026
OFFICIAL MINUTES
Office of the City Clerk

CHATEAU ELAN
100 RUE CHARLEMAGNE DRIVE
BRASELTON, GA 30517
NICE ROOM
10:00 AM

OFFICIAL MINUTES

The public is advised that the following minutes are not a verbatim transcription of business presented at the Council Meeting of the date shown; but are a synopsis of pertinent information.

1. CALL TO ORDER

- Mayor Gilvin called the meeting to order at 10:12 a.m.

2. ROLL CALL

- Council Members
 - Mayor Jim Gilvin
 - Mayor Pro Tem Dan Merkel
 - T. Kirk Driskell
 - Katie Reeves
 - John Hipes
 - Fergal M. Brady
 - Douglas J. DeRito
- Staff
 - Chris Lagerbloom, City Administrator
 - John Robison, Assistant City Administrator
 - Molly Esswein, City Attorney
 - Lauren Shapiro, City Clerk

- Adam Montgomery, Director of Information Technology
- Brad Denkinger, Fire Chief
- Brooke Lappin, Director of Municipal Court
- Charlie Jewell, Director of Economic Development
- Cris Randall, Director of Human Resources
- Kathi Cook, Director of Community Development
- Morgan Rodgers, Director of Recreation, Parks, and Cultural Services
- Pete Sewczwicz, Director of Public Works
- Tom Harris, Director of Finance
- Trent Lindgren, Police Chief
- Alex Baker, Executive Office Coordinator
- Deanna McKay, Public Communication & Engagement Coordinator

3. PLANNING RETREAT DAY #1 ANNOUNCEMENTS

- A. The Mayor, City Council, and City Staff will have a working lunch today in the Nice Room beginning at 12:00 pm and a scheduled break at approximately 2:30 pm.**

4. FISCAL YEAR 2026 CITY COUNCIL PRIORITIES

A. Performance Update

- Police Chief, Trent Lindgren, provided an update on jail operations, crime trends, call volume, and staff vacancies.
- Public Communication & Engagement Coordinator, Deanna McKay, provided an update on social media growth, ADA accessibility of the City's website, and online ChatBot usage.
- City Administrator, Chris Lagerbloom, provided an update on Milton Avenue dumpsters, a future parking plan, a permit process for downtown sales and solicitation, and overhead lighting over Milton Avenue.

- Director of Recreation, Parks, and Cultural Services, Morgan Rodgers, provided an update on remaining Alpha Loop sections to be constructed, successes of the Alpha Loop Foundation, attendance and participation numbers for recreation and cultural arts programming, and the YMCA partnership.
- Director of Public Works, Pete Sewczwicz, provided an update on the assessment of City facilities (60 buildings and over 4,000 assets).
- Director of Human Resources, Cris Randall, provided an update on recruitment costs and employee tenure trends in the government sector.

5. TIME CERTAIN 11:30 AM – CAA ICON UPDATE

A. CAA Icon Update

- CAA Icon Senior Vice President, Josh Cohen, provided an update regarding their work for the City.
- Mayor Gilvin recessed the meeting for a break at 12:15 pm.
- Mayor Gilvin reconvened the meeting at 12:53 pm.

6. FUTURE STRATEGY DISCUSSION

A. Discuss Current State/Market Trends

- Mayor Gilvin shared his goals for 2026:
 - Revise the Comprehensive Plan based on the vision of a majority of Alpharetta Residents;
 - Implement the LCI North Point Corridor Plan;
 - Implement Long-Term Capital Plan;
 - Successfully negotiate the Service Delivery Strategy with Fulton County and cities;
 - Successfully negotiate the North Point Tax Allocation District #3 with third party organizations; and
 - Work towards creating a place for young people to buy a home in Alpharetta.

- Mayor Pro Tem Merkel shared his goals for 2026:
 - Redevelopment of North Point;
 - Address vacant office;
 - Share success stories of new development and business development throughout Alpharetta; and
 - Increase visits to businesses already established in Alpharetta.
- Council Member DeRito shared his goals for 2026:
 - Attract new/other industries to fill vacant office buildings;
 - Review potentially increasing service costs based on an increase in residential development, so that the millage rate can remain the same;
 - Review the Comprehensive Plan to determine if there are ideal locations for dense, small housing units to attract young professional to purchase homes in Alpharetta; and
 - Research a potential Trolley System for Alpharetta.
- Council Member Hipes shared his goals for 2026:
 - Maintain the current safety levels of the City;
 - Evaluate how the City can continue with our current tax rates;
 - Ensure that Downtown Alpharetta can sustain itself;
 - Increase the arts in Alpharetta;
 - Work towards transforming Alpharetta to a Walkable City instead of a “Car Centric City”; and
 - Keep the “unity” in “Community.”
- Council Member Reeves shared her goals for 2026:
 - Review opportunities for modernizing areas with big box stores on the East Side of Windward Parkway;

- Work towards development of “spurs” from the Alpha Loop to connect other parts of the City that are not immediately connected to the Alpha Loop;
- Increase communication and improve outreach between residents and City leadership;
- Develop a 3-5-year Financial Plan and Capital Plan; and
- Develop a 5-year Strategic Plan.
- Council Member Brady shared his goals for 2026:
 - Protect the Alpharetta “bubble” and plan for what comes next.
- Council Member Driskell shared his goals for 2026:
 - Continue to be a City where people choose to come to Alpharetta because of what this City offers.

B. Vision and Mission Alignment

- Assistant City Administrator, John Robison, came forward to lead a discussion on the City’s Vision and Mission.
- This year, Assistant City Administrator Robison will be implementing a Citywide leadership development program for all interested employees (and supervisors) called AlphaEdge (EDGE = Expand, Develop, Grow, and Elevate). This program will be a partnership between the City and Gwinnett Tech.

7. CITY COUNCIL DISCUSSION, VISIONING, AND PRIORITY SETTING

A. The following topics were identified prior to the retreat. However, there is a significant likelihood that other priorities of the Mayor and Council will and may be discussed as they are identified during the retreat. It is also likely some topics will not be discussed.

TOPICS OF DISCUSSION MAY INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:

1. Communicating Effectively as a new City Council

- The Council discussed preferred methods of communication with one another and whether self-evaluations may be needed throughout their terms.
- Mayor Gilvin recessed the meeting for a break at 2:31 pm.

- Mayor Gilvin reconvened the meeting at 3:04 pm.

2. Fiscal Year 2025 Financial Review, Fiscal Year 2026 Financial Status and Mid-Year Budget Discussion

- Director of Finance, Tom Harris, provided an update on the City's financial status during Fiscal Year 2025 and the City's current financial status so far in Fiscal Year 2026.
- A presentation outlining this discussion is attached hereto as "Exhibit A."

3. Executive Session

- ❖ Council Member Hipes offered a motion to recess the meeting for Executive Session.
 - Council Member DeRito seconded the motion.
 - The motion was approved unanimously (7-0).
- Mayor Gilvin recessed the meeting at 4:08 p.m. for an Executive Session for the purposes of litigation.
- ❖ Mayor Pro Tem Merkel offered a motion to reconvene the meeting.
 - Council Member DeRito seconded the motion.
 - The motion was approved unanimously (7-0).
- Mayor Gilvin reconvened the meeting at 4:55 p.m.

4. North Point Mall Redevelopment

- The City Council discussed potential redevelopment opportunities at North Point Mall.

8. PLANNING RETREAT DAY #1 ADJOURNMENT

- ❖ Mayor Pro Tem Merkel offered a motion to adjourn the meeting.
 - Council Member DeRito seconded the motion.
 - The motion was approved unanimously (7-0).

- With there being no further items to consider or discuss, Mayor Gilvin adjourned the meeting at 5:56 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Lauren Shapiro". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Lauren Shapiro, City Clerk

EXHIBIT A



City Council Retreat (Jan. 16-17, 2026) Financial Status Update



Agenda



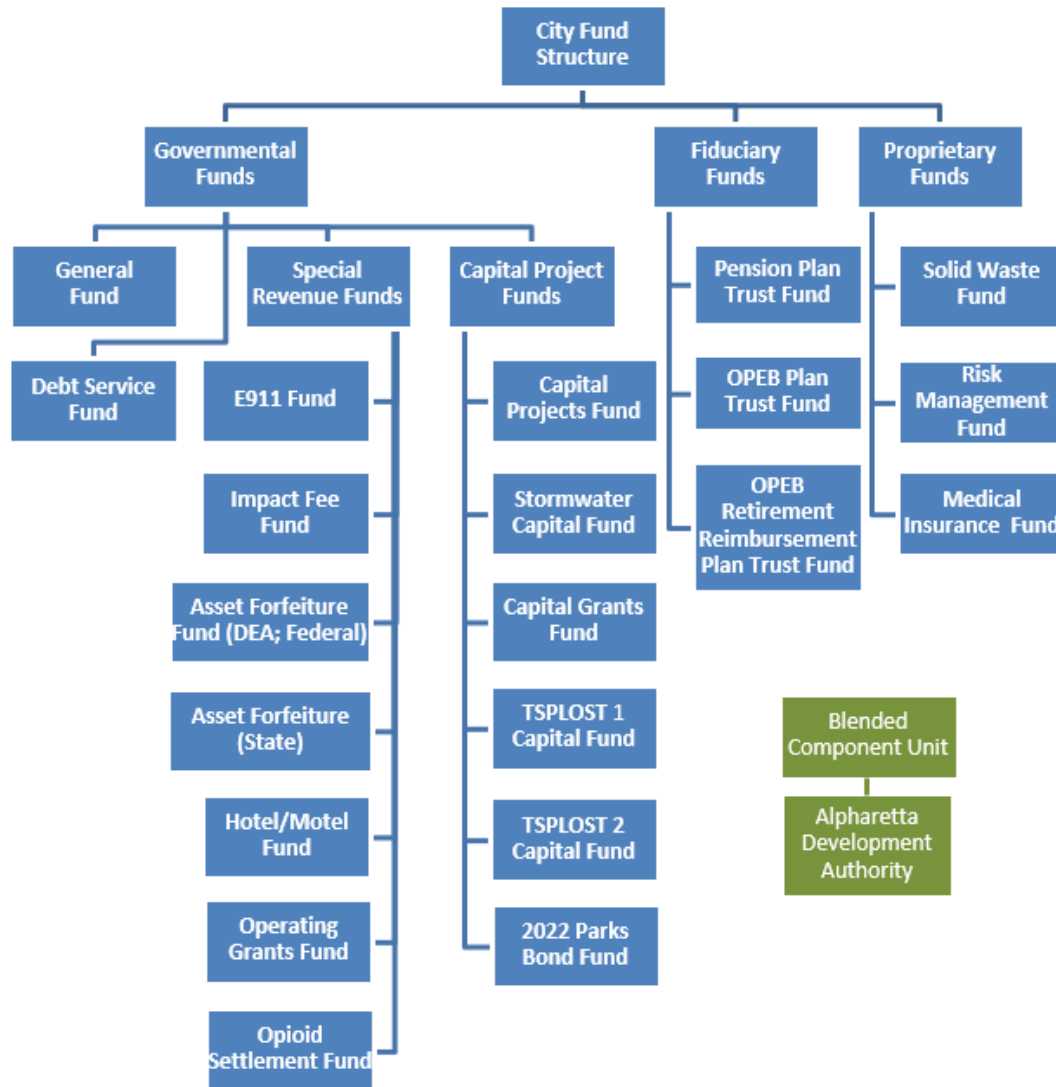
- Fiscal Year 2025 Financial Review
- Fiscal Year 2026 Financial Status and Mid Year Budget
- Funding our Future



Fiscal Year 2025 Financial Review



Fund Structure



21 Total Funds

15 Governmental Funds

3 Fiduciary Funds

3 Proprietary Funds

1 Blended Component Unit

FY 2025 Financial Review



General Fund

	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Over/(Under) Budget</u>
• Operations		
– Revenues	\$96.5M	\$2.3M
– Expenditures		
• Operations	(85.4M)	(4.8M)
• Appropriated Capital Transfer	(4.0M)	↑
Surplus from Operations	\$ 7.1M	<i>% of Budget Spend Statistics</i>
• PY Fund Balance Capital Transfer	(9.4M)	<i>Salaries/Benefits (97%)</i>
• Net change in Fund Balance	(\$ 2.3M)	<i>Maint./Operations (92%)</i>

• Fund Balance

– Beginning Fund Balance	\$38.0M	Emergency Reserve: \$24.2M
– Net change in Fund Balance	(2.3M)	FY 2026 Budget: 5.0M
– Ending Fund Balance	\$35.7M	FY 2027 Budget: 5.7M
		Litigation Reserve: 0.8M
		\$35.7M

Historical Fund Balance Trends

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025
Beginning Fund Balance	\$ 27.3	\$ 28.5	\$ 24.6	\$ 27.8	\$ 26.6	\$ 35.7	\$ 42.9	\$ 42.6	\$ 38.0
Revenues	\$ 65.1	\$ 66.0	\$ 73.9	\$ 71.9	\$ 74.5	\$ 81.1	\$ 87.6	\$ 91.2	\$ 96.5
Expenditures									
Operations	\$ (53.3)	\$ (55.8)	\$ (59.1)	\$ (60.8)	\$ (60.9)	\$ (66.4)	\$ (72.3)	\$ (79.4)	\$ (85.4)
Capital Transfers									
Capital (Fund Balance)	\$ (6.0)	\$ (8.8)	\$ (6.1)	\$ (4.5)	\$ (4.4)	\$ (5.8)	\$ (12.6)	\$ (10.5)	\$ (9.4)
Capital (FB Adv; Adopted Budget)	-	-	-	(1.0)	-	-	-	-	-
Capital (FB Adv; Mid-Year Budget)	-	-	-	(2.0)	-	-	-	-	-
Capital (Recurring)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(4.8)	(0.2)	(1.7)	(3.0)	(4.0)	(4.0)
Capital (One-Time)	-	(0.7)	(1.0)	-	-	-	-	(1.8)	-
	\$ (10.5)	\$ (14.0)	\$ (11.6)	\$ (12.3)	\$ (4.5)	\$ (7.5)	\$ (15.6)	\$ (16.3)	\$ (13.4)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1.2	\$ (3.8)	\$ 3.2	\$ (1.2)	\$ 9.1	\$ 7.2	\$ (0.3)	\$ (4.6)	\$ (2.3)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 28.5	\$ 24.6	\$ 27.8	\$ 26.6	\$ 35.7	\$ 42.9	\$ 42.6	\$ 38.0	\$ 35.7
Fund Balance Breakdown									
Capital (next budget year)	\$ 8.8	\$ 6.1	\$ 4.5	\$ 5.3	\$ 5.8	\$ 12.6	\$ 10.5	\$ 9.4	\$ 5.0
Capital (next budget year; advance)	-	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital (two budget years away)	6.1	4.5	5.3	5.8	12.6	10.5	9.4	5.0	5.7
COA History Book	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Litigation Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8
Emergency Reserve	13.5	14.0	15.0	15.5	17.2	19.7	22.6	23.5	24.2
	\$ 28.5	\$ 24.6	\$ 27.8	\$ 26.6	\$ 35.7	\$ 42.9	\$ 42.6	\$ 38.0	\$ 35.7

Capital: \$4.4M
Non-Allocated: 0.7M
Compensation: 0.2M
Fund Balance: \$5.3M

Fund Balance Methodology

- Fund Balance is programmed into the budget once known (audited financials).
- Annually, upon completion of the audit, the Fund Balance is allocated as follows:
 - Emergency Reserve is designated at 25% of current FY budgeted expenditures (3 months of operating expenditures).
 - All remaining fund balance is allocated towards one-time initiatives:
 - Covers the current FY Budget.
 - Remaining is set aside to cover the upcoming FY Budget that is being programmed.



Fiscal Year 2026 Financial Status and Mid-Year Budget



FY 2026 Financial Status

November 2025 Monthly Report Dashboard

GENERAL FUND DETAIL	Revenues	Performance Status	Forecasted Gain/Loss	} +\$1.6M
	Top-10			
	Property/Motor Vehicle Taxes	↔	\$415,000	
	Local Option Sales Tax	↔	\$0	
	Franchise Tax	↔	(\$75,000)	
	Insurance Premium Tax	↑	\$769,239	
	Alcohol Beverage Excise Tax	↔	\$25,000	
	Building Permit Fees	↔	\$100,000	
	Business and Occupational Tax	↔	\$0	
	Court/Traffic Fines	↔	\$0	
	Recreation/Special Event Fees	↔	(\$50,560)	
	Hotel/Motel Tax (City portion)	↑	\$187,500	
	Other Revenues	↔	\$240,463	
Minimum Surplus Goal Needed to Fund Capital:			\$9.0M	
<i>(\$15M Annual Capital Need less \$1.5M allocated in the annual budget and \$4.5M allocated through TSPLOST)</i>				
Less: Forecasted Revenue Gain			\$1.6M	
Less: Forecasted Expenditure Savings			(\$3.0M)*	
Favorable (Unfavorable) Net Surplus vs \$15M Capital Need:			(\$4.4M)*	

* Forecasted losses/savings will be updated once more trend data becomes available.

FY 2026 Financial Status

- Revenue forecasts are slowing/declining/irregular

		Revenue Growth (actuals)				
		2026ytd vs	2025 vs	2024 vs	2023 vs	2022 vs
	% of Budget	2025ytd	2024	2023	2022	2021
LOST	23%	1%	2%	2%	5%	21%
Motor Vehicle Title Tax Fee	4%	2%	5%	2%	10%	14%
Franchise Taxes	7%					
Electric		-	14%	-1%	16%	3%
Cable		-19%	-10%	-18%	-8%	-5%
Telephone		-42%	-50%	-4%	-56%	-34%
Alcohol Beverage Excise Tax	3%	0%	-4%	-1%	6%	18%
Municipal Court Fines	2%	-3%	6%	-20%	30%	12%
Hotel Taxes	4%	0%***	2%	-2%	17%	105%
		Valuation Growth				
	% of Budget	FY 2026	FY 2025			
Property Taxes	35%					
Taxable Residential Valuations*		9%	10%			
Taxable Commercial Valuations**		-1%	2%			
	78%					

* Anticipate slower growth in FY 2027 due to high-interest rate environment.

** Anticipate further declines in FY 2027 due to slowing economic activity coupled with office vacancy rates.

*** After adjusting for prior-year collections remitted during FY 2026 (i.e. online hotel websites).

Mid-Year Budget Requests (Operating)



GENERAL FUND

Economic Development

Return of expired IGA Funding for Development Authority.

Initiatives

	Revenue	Expense	Net Cost
Local Job Creation Grant Program	\$ 32,500	\$ -	\$ 32,500
High Impact Permitting Grant Program	20,948	-	20,948

Personnel Funding Reallocations (Multiple Departments)

This request reallocates departmental personnel budgets to reflect previously approved position changes implemented since adoption of the FY 2026 Budget. No position changes (additions, reductions, reclassifications, or new positions) are being requested as part of this action.

City Administration

Assistant City Administrator	-	104,821	(104,821)
Municipal Records Officer	-	29,403	(29,403)

Finance Department

Treasury Division Reorganization	-	19,961	(19,961)
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Police Department

Public Safety Director	-	(271,152)	271,152
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Police Department/IT Department

Public Safety System Administrator (transfer between Departments)	-	-	-
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Mid-Year Budget Requests (Operating)



GENERAL FUND

General Government

Adjust revenue appropriations for Insurance Premium Taxes to reflect actual collections in FY 2026.

Insurance Premium Tax Collections (over budget)	769,239	-	769,239
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The City's E911 Fund has reached a point where recurring 911 tax revenue is no longer sufficient to fully support ongoing operational costs. As call volume, service demands, and associated personnel and technology expenses continue to rise, the E911 Fund has experienced a structural gap between revenues and expenditures. The subsidy request is anticipated to be an annual request moving forward.

E911 Fund subsidy (100% of forecasted subsidy)	-	564,175	(564,175)
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The city managed the Downtown Dumpster Program that included setting aside spaces within the Roswell Street parking lot to house solid waste and recycling dumpsters to service various downtown restaurants. Improvements to the program were recently implemented. This new program went into effect on December 31, 2025. The funding requested herein is to cover costs incurred for the 1st six months of FY 2026 where the program was not billed while the City formulated an effective replacement program. This is a one-time subsidy request.

Sanitation Fund subsidy	-	75,000	(75,000)
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Subtotal	\$ 822,687	\$ 522,208	\$ 300,479
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Contingency (increase from \$913,617 to \$1.2 million)	-	300,479	(300,479)
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Total	\$ 822,687	\$ 822,687	\$ -
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Mid-Year Budget Requests (Capital)

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND			
LEGAL LEVEL OF CONTROL (Impacted Line-Items)			
		Fiscal Year 2026	
		Current Budget	Budget Amendment
			Revised Budget
Revenue by Source:			
Investment Earnings		\$ 300,000	\$ 130,000
Net Budget Adjustments		\$ 300,000	\$ 430,000
Expenditures by Project:			
Public Works			
Crabapple Government Facility Roof Replacement		\$ -	\$ 70,000
SR 9 Landscaping <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>		1,665,000	(1,665,000)
Non-Allocated		1,469,003	3,194,003
Net Budget Adjustments		\$ 3,134,003	\$ 70,000

Mid-Year Budget Requests (Capital)

IMPACT FEE FUND			
LEGAL LEVEL OF CONTROL (Impacted Line-Items)			
	Fiscal Year 2026		
	Current Budget	Budget Amendment	Revised Budget
Revenue by Source:			
Impact Fees (Parks)	\$ -	\$ 379,813	\$ 379,813
Impact Fees (Roads)	-	108,639	108,639
Impact Fees (Public Safety)	-	24,024	24,024
Net Budget Adjustments	\$ -	\$ 512,476	\$ 512,476
Expenditures by Project:			
Impact Fees (Roads)			
AlphaLink Design/Construction <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>	\$ 2,062,937	\$ (2,062,937)	\$ -
Dryden Road Extension <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>	-	2,223,615	2,223,615
Non-Allocated (Parks)	840,756	379,813	1,220,569
Non-Allocated (Roads)	52,039	(52,039)	-
Non-Allocated (Public Safety)	120,359	24,024	144,383
Net Budget Adjustments	\$ 3,076,091	\$ 512,476	\$ 3,588,567

Mid-Year Budget Requests (Capital)

TSPLOST-II CAPITAL PROJECT FUND			
LEGAL LEVEL OF CONTROL (Impacted Line-Items)			
	Fiscal Year 2026		
	Current Budget	Budget Amendment	Revised Budget
Revenue by Source:			
TSPLOST-II Tax Revenue (90% to 100% of GSU forecast)	\$ 6,985,201	\$ 6,146,934	\$ 13,132,135
Investment Earnings	400,000	700,000	1,100,000
Net Budget Adjustments	\$ 7,385,201	\$ 6,846,934	\$ 14,232,135
Expenditures by Project:			
Public Works			
AlphaLink Design/Construction <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>	\$ 7,937,063	\$ 2,062,937	\$ 10,000,000
Dryden Road Extension <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>	2,998,902	(2,223,615)	775,287
SR 9 Landscaping <i>(no change in overall funding level; simply a change in funding sources)</i>	-	1,665,000	1,665,000
Non-Allocated	3,881,433	5,342,612	9,224,045
Net Budget Adjustments	\$ 14,817,398	\$ 6,846,934	\$ 21,664,332

Mid-Year Budget Requests (Capital)



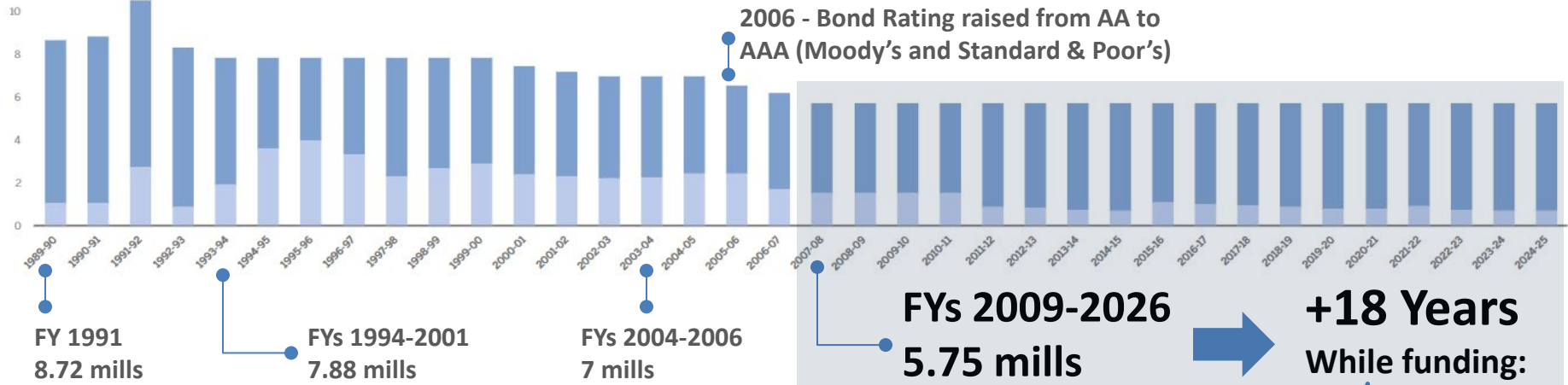
TSPLOST-I CAPITAL PROJECT FUND			
LEGAL LEVEL OF CONTROL (Impacted Line-Items)			
		Fiscal Year 2026	
		Current Budget	Budget Amendment
			Revised Budget
Revenue by Source:			
	Investment Earnings	\$ 300,000	\$ 550,000
	Net Budget Adjustments	\$ 300,000	\$ 550,000
Expenditures by Project:			
	Non-Allocated	\$ 1,389,099	\$ 550,000
	Net Budget Adjustments	\$ 1,389,099	\$ 550,000



Fiscal Year 2027 Forecast



Millage Rate History



\$115M in Bond Issues:

- **Series 2012 GO Bond (\$29M)** - City Hall, Parking Garage, Brooke St. Park, Public Space, creating Downtown.
- **Series 2016 GO Bond (\$52M)** - \$27M Transportation (Rucker Rd, Kimball Bridge Rd); \$25M Parks (Greenway ext. to Forsyth, WP Pool, Preston Ridge Comm. Ctr, Arts Ctr, Parkland).
- **Series 2022 GO Bond (\$30M)** - Upgrades (Wills Park, Eq. Ctr., Union Hill Park, Webb Br. Park, etc.) and New Parks (Waters Rd Park, Mid-Broadwell Park, etc.).
- **Series 2013 DA Bond (\$4M)** - Gwinnett Technical College.

+6 New Parks, +3 New Park Facilities:

- Cogburn Rd Park, Brooke St. Park, Town Green, Mid-Broadwell Rd Park, Old Rucker Park (incl. Farm), Waters Road Park, Arts Center, Preston Ridge Community Center, expanded Wills Park Pool. With more Park improvements coming soon! (Wills Park, Wacky World, etc.)

Top Tier Employer

- Highly competitive pay/benefits

\$11M in HX Tax Savings Annually

HX Increases:

- FY 2011: \$30K to \$35K
- FY 2012: \$35K to \$40K
- FY 2021: \$40K to \$45K, Floating HX, and removal of income restrictions for Senior Basic HX

ISO-1 Rating

Miles of New Sidewalks and Trails:

- Sidewalks, Greenway Extensions (Webb Bridge Rd. to Forsyth), AlphaLoop.

New City Hall & Downtown

+\$2B Tax Digest Growth:

- \$4.7B (FY 2009) - \$7B (FY 2026)

Expanded PS HQ and 911

+50 Positions:

- Net = 100% Public Safety

2 Recessions:

- **Great Recession** (Dec. 2007 thru June 2009).
- **COVID Recession** (Feb 2020 thru April 2020).

Assumption of Alpharetta Jail operations

Millage Rate Comparison



- Millage rates approved in 2025

	Millage Rates (est.)			Effective Millage Rate for Average Homeowner		Homestead Exemptions		Comparison of Alternate Revenue Sources	
	Operations	Debt Service	Total	Operations	Total			Gross Receipts based Business/Stormwater	
								Occupation tax	Fee
Johns Creek	3.492	0.250	3.742	3.305	3.555	15,000	floating	YES	YES
Milton	4.193	0.310	4.503	3.968	4.278	15,000	floating	YES	NO
Roswell	4.049	0.900	4.949	4.049	4.949	-	floating	YES	YES
Alpharetta*	5.030	0.720	5.750	4.222	4.942	45,000	floating	NO	NO
Sandy Springs	4.731	0.000	4.731	4.478	4.478	15,000	floating	YES	NO
Brookhaven**	2.740	0.470	3.210	2.388	2.858	36,000	floating	YES	YES

Homestead Exemption tax-reduction calculations are based on an average home value of \$700,000.

* Alpharetta's Homestead Exemptions saves our homeowners \$11 million annually.

** Does not include Special Tax District (STD) and Special Service District (SSD) millage rates. These millage levies apply only to commercial and exempt properties. They do not apply to residential properties, including those with homestead exemptions or purely multi-family residential buildings. However, mixed-use developments that combine commercial and residential uses may still be subject to the SSD tax, depending on their zoning.

Special Tax District/STD (12 mills): located in the I-85, North Druid Hills area. The STD funds police, code enforcement, and infrastructure from the imposition of an ad valorem tax mill rate on properties in this designated area.

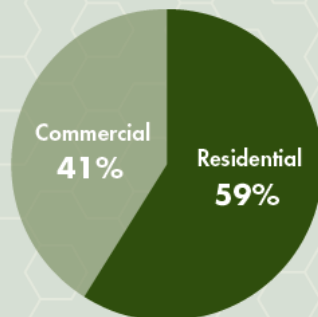
Special Service District/SSD (4.00 mills). This SSD funds capital projects and governmental services.

Taxpayer Statistics

Tax Base Segmentation

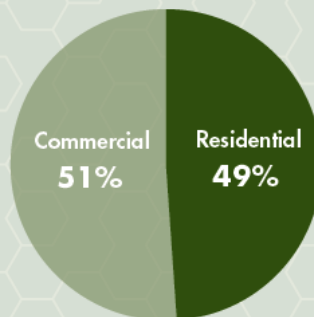
The charts below highlight the City's tax base segmentation from multiple perspectives, including assessed valuation and taxable valuation. The shift in valuations (assessed vs. taxable) between residential and commercial property segments is primarily attributable to the City's generous homestead exemption offerings (applies to Residential tax base segment only).

Assessed Valuation



Assessed value is equal to 40% of the Fair Market Value (price a knowledgeable buyer would pay) that the Fulton County Board of Assessors assigns to a property before any homestead exemptions and/or adjustments are applied.

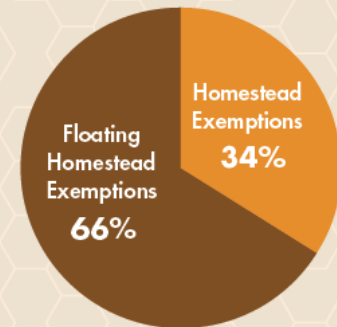
Taxable Valuation



Taxable value represents the valuation after homestead exemptions and/or adjustments are applied.

Annual Taxpayer Savings

\$11 million



The City's Exemptions

- Floating Homestead exemption that caps the taxable value growth of homesteaded properties to the lesser of 3% or CPI;
- Basic Homestead exemption of \$45,000 which is among the highest in the State;
- Senior Basic Homestead exemption of \$25,000 for residents aged 65 and older; and
- Senior Full-Value Homestead exemption available to residents aged 70 and older who meet certain income requirements.

Where Does My Property Tax Dollar Go?



Fulton County School District

Fulton County
(Operations and Debt Service)

City of Alpharetta
(Operations and Debt Service)

Budget Timeline



City of Alpharetta

Fiscal Year 2027 Budget Calendar



2025



SEPTEMBER-DECEMBER

- Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) and FY 2027 Capital Investment review and update by Departments.

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2026

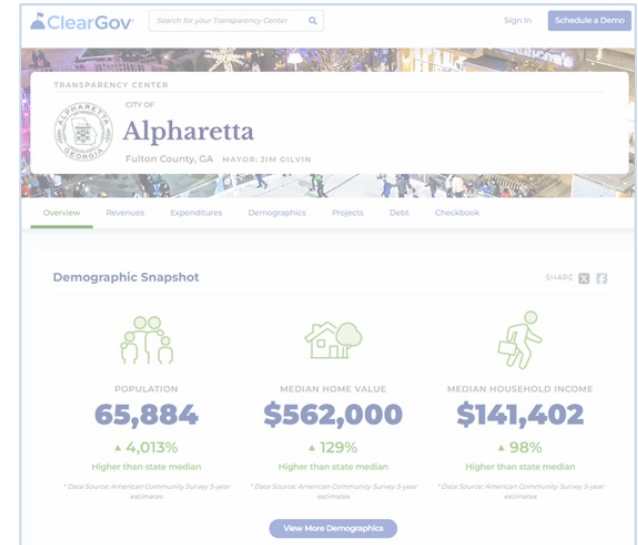


JANUARY 16-17

- City Council Planning Retreat

JANUARY-FEBRUARY

- FY 2027 Budget kickoff
FY 2027 Budget target data distributed to departments:
 - Phase II (maintenance and operations).
 - Phase III (operational budget initiatives).
 - Performance Measurement ("PM") template:
 - FY 2025 actual vs. target (results).
 - FY 2026 target.
 - FY 2027 target.
 - Departmental organizational charts.
 - Departmental goals and objectives.
- CIP and FY 2027 Capital Investment review by the Finance Department.



FEBRUARY-MARCH

- FY 2027 Budget review by the Finance Department.
- CIP and FY 2027 Capital Investment refresh by Departments.



MARCH-APRIL

FY 2027 Budget, CIP, and FY 2027 Capital Investment Review by City Leadership including City Administration and Departments.

Budget Timeline



City of Alpharetta Fiscal Year 2027 Budget Calendar

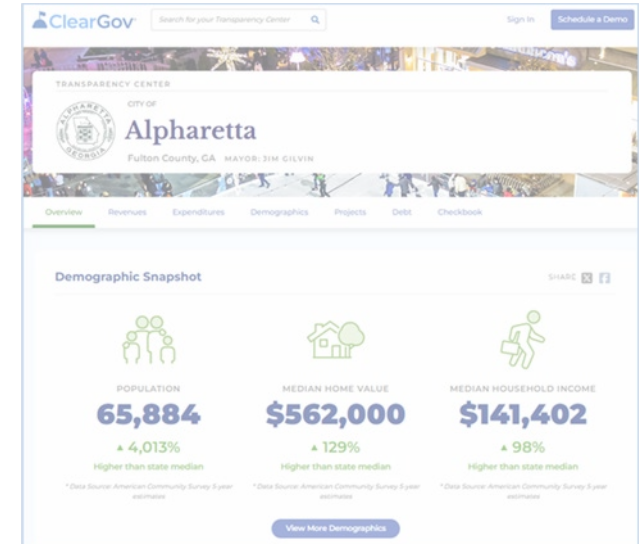


2026



April 2026

- FY 2027 Budget (including CIP and Capital Investment) release including:
 - Budget Document (bookmarked pdf).
 - <https://www.alpharetta.ga.us/343/Annual-Operating-Capital-Budget>
 - Online Transparency Portal:
 - ClearGov - Revenue and Expense category totals.
 - <https://cleargov.com/georgia/fulton/city/alpharetta>
 - OpenGov - Revenue and Expense line-item detail.
 - <https://alpharettaga.opengov.com>



Workshops



May 4/18, 2026

- FY 2027 Budget Workshop with City Council
 - FY 2027 Budget

Public Hearing 1



June 15, 2026 (6:30pm)

- FY 2027 Budget
 - Public Hearing
 - 1st Reading of Budget Ordinance
 - 1st Reading of Millage Rate Ordinance

Public Hearing 2



June 22, 2026 (11:30am)

- FY 2027 Budget
 - Public Hearing

Public Hearing 3



June 22, 2026 (6:30pm)

- FY 2027 Budget
 - Public Hearing
 - 2nd Reading of Budget Ordinance
 - 2nd Reading of Millage Rate Ordinance

FY 2027



July 1, 2026

- FY 2027 Begins!

Budget Methodology



■ Hybrid Budgeting

• Granular Scrutiny

- Finance reviews every account line-by-line as we build the base budget that is released to departments for review/update.

– Justification Culture

- Finance requires open-dialogue and justification for any increase to departmental base budget totals. These increases must be tied to defensible outcomes.

– Initiative Driven

- The base budget isn't just "last year + 3%"; it is actively adjusted for known initiatives, ensuring the budget follows strategy, not just history.

– Friction Placement

- Friction is targeted towards increases over the base budget where most financial risk resides.

Pre-Retreat Budget Assumptions



- Preliminary Base Budget programmed to address the following priorities:
 - Reflects slowing revenue growth trends and programs Departmental Operational Budgets accordingly.
 - Personnel
 - Maintain personnel compensation competitiveness
 - Market Adjustments
 - Merit Program (3%)
 - Operations
 - Slowed discretionary spending (travel, etc.) and focus on cost-effective alternatives (virtual training alternatives)
 - Keep up with inflationary cost growth
 - Software (after adj. for Hexagon on-prem contract reduction); Utilities; Insurance premiums and claims; etc.
 - Services (e.g., landscape maintenance)

FY 2027 Base Budgets

- Funds are balanced except as noted below:
 - Finance Forecast (departments will update budget detail in January/February)
 - E911 Fund proposes a subsidy based on call volume:
 - \$553,824 (Alpharetta; 74% of call volume; programmed into the FY 2027 General Fund and E911 Fund budgets)
 - \$194,587 (Milton; 26% of call volume; currently represented as a deficit pending renegotiation of the Milton IGA for 911 Services)

	Revenues*	Expenditures	Surplus/ (Deficit)	Balanced Budget
General Fund	\$ 106,318,071	\$ 106,318,071	\$ -	√ **
Special Revenue Funds:				
Asset Forfeiture Fund	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$ -	√
E911 Fund	4,964,674	5,159,261	(194,587)	NO
Impact Fee Fund	1,425,000	1,425,000	-	√
Hotel/Motel Fund	9,940,000	9,940,000	-	√
	\$ 16,679,674	\$ 16,874,261	\$ (194,587)	
Capital/Grant Funds:				
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 5,036,572	\$ 5,036,572	\$ -	√
Stormwater Capital Fund	1,475,000	1,475,000	-	√
TSPLOST 1 Capital Fund	2,239,099	2,239,099	-	√
TSPLOST 2 Capital Fund	18,974,045	18,974,045	-	√
	\$ 27,724,716	\$ 27,724,716	\$ -	
Debt Service Fund	\$ 6,704,256	\$ 6,704,256	\$ -	√
Enterprise Fund:				
Solid Waste Fund	\$ 6,283,359	\$ 6,283,359	\$ -	√
Internal Service Funds:				
Risk Management Fund	\$ 2,468,500	\$ 2,468,500	\$ -	√
Medical Insurance Fund	10,550,000	10,550,000	-	√
	\$ 13,018,500	\$ 13,018,500	\$ -	
Fiduciary Funds:				
OPEB Plan Trust Fund	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,500	\$ -	√
OPEB Retirement Reimbursement Plan Trust Fund	1,121,467	1,121,467	-	√
	\$ 1,127,967	\$ 1,127,967	\$ -	
Total	\$ 177,856,543	\$ 178,051,130	\$ (194,587)	√

****Includes \$1.1 million reduction in the Annual Capital Appropriation (from \$1,573,887 in amended FY 2026 to \$475,000 in FY 2027).**

FY 2027 GF Revenue Overview



FY	2026	2027	change
Operating	5.030	5.050	+0.020
Debt	0.720	0.700	-0.020

Revenues:

	FY 2026 AMENDED BUDGET	FY 2027 RECOMMENDED BUDGET	\$ Variance	% Variance
Property Taxes:				
Current Year	\$ 34,075,000	\$ 35,720,000	\$ 1,645,000	4.8%
Motor Vehicle Title Tax Fee	3,625,000	3,850,000	225,000	6.2%
Prior Year/Delinquent/MV	379,000	378,000	(1,000)	-0.3%
Local Option Sales Tax	22,440,500	22,700,000	259,500	1.2%
Other Taxes:				
Franchise Fees	7,130,000	7,300,000	170,000	2.4%
Insurance Premium Tax	6,390,000	7,400,000	1,010,000	15.8%
Alcohol Beverage Excise Tax	2,825,000	2,900,000	75,000	2.7%
Other Taxes	3,670,400	3,850,200	179,800	4.9%
Licenses & Permits	3,476,500	3,715,500	239,000	6.9%
Intergovernmental	352,385	339,760	(12,625)	-3.6%
Charges for Services	5,414,072	5,531,400	117,328	2.2%
Fines & Forfeitures	2,280,000	2,205,500	(74,500)	-3.3%
Interest	1,150,000	1,000,000	(150,000)	-13.0%
Other Revenues	255,654	241,139	(14,515)	-5.7%
Other Financing Sources:				
Interfund Transfer (Hotel/Motel Fund)	3,412,500	3,525,000	112,500	3.3%
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 96,876,011	\$ 100,656,499	\$ 3,780,488	3.9%
Fund Balance Carryforward	5,017,048	5,661,572		
Total Revenues	\$ 101,893,059	\$ 106,318,071		

Growth Drivers

- Property Taxes (+\$1.6M)
 - ✓ 6% growth in Residential Valuations (9% in FY 2026)
 - ✓ -2% contraction in Commercial Valuations (-1% in FY 2026)
 - ✓ New Construction of \$86M (\$133M in FY 2026)
 - ✓ 0.02 mill shift to Operations (+\$145K; -\$180K to Bond)
- Insurance Premium Taxes (+\$1M)
- Licenses & Permits (building permit fees +\$100K)
- Hotel/Motel Taxes (COA portion; +\$113K)

Revenue Reductions

- Franchise Taxes (cable -\$25K, telephone -\$75K)
- School Zone Citations (-\$75K)
- Interest Earnings (-\$150K)

New Initiative Funding Perspective

Market Value = \$59.8M
Taxable Value = \$23.9M
(40% of MV)

COA Taxes for
Operations = \$120K



Alpharetta Marriott

Market Value: \$29.4M
Taxable Value: \$11.8M
#21-549011110402
5750 WINDWARD PKY



Alpharetta Hilton

Market Value: \$30.4M
Taxable Value*: \$12.1M
*w/o abatement
#22-545011881016
5775 NORTHPOINT
PKWY

FY 2027 GF Expenditure Overview

	FY 2026 AMENDED BUDGET	FY 2027 RECOMMENDED BUDGET	\$ Variance	% Variance
Expenditures (by Category):				
Personnel Services:	\$ 65,142,210	\$ 68,830,608	\$ 3,688,398	5.7%
Jail Operations	1,254,886	1,890,306	635,420	50.6%
<i>sub total</i>	\$ 66,397,096	\$ 70,720,914	\$ 4,323,818	6.5%
Maintenance and Operations:				
Base	\$ 3,637,832	\$ 3,498,704	\$ (139,128)	-3.8%
Jail Operations	463,195	361,813	(101,382)	-21.9%
Targeted Accounts (net of Jail operations)				
Professional Services	3,849,480	3,815,376	(34,104)	-0.9%
Runoff Election (Fulton County IGA)	150,000	-	(150,000)	-
Repair/Maintenance	2,507,700	2,523,200	15,500	0.6%
Maintenance Contracts	4,711,510	4,724,821	13,311	0.3%
Professional Services (IT)	4,736,106	4,748,477	12,371	0.3%
Hexagon	631,836	428,228	(203,608)	-32.2%
General Supplies	1,280,449	1,249,845	(30,604)	-2.4%
Utilities	3,403,925	3,601,675	197,750	5.8%
Insurance Premiums (Risk Fund)	1,060,500	1,206,500	146,000	13.8%
<i>sub total</i>	\$ 26,432,533	\$ 26,158,639	\$ (273,894)	-1.0%
Capital/Lease/Other:				
Operational Capital/Other	\$ 319,179	\$ 322,679	\$ 3,500	1.1%
Capital Leases/Gwinnett Tech Debt Svc	1,296,181	1,280,443	(15,738)	-1.2%
Contingency	913,617	1,000,000	86,383	9.5%
Total Operating Expenditures	\$ 95,358,606	\$ 99,482,675	\$ 4,124,069	4.3%
Reserve for Operating Initiatives	-	145,000		
Interfund Transfers:				
Fund Balance (Capital Investment)	5,017,048	5,661,572		
Capital Program	1,517,405	475,000		
911 Fund (Alpharetta's subsidy portion)	-	553,824		
Total Expenditures	\$ 101,893,059	\$ 106,318,071		

- Performance-based compensation program (3% on average; consistent with market review).
- Targeted Market-Based compensation adj. to employee classes.
- Annualized impact of Alpharetta Jail staffing (+\$635K).
- Assumed group insurance cost growth of 5%.

- Coverage of Growth Drivers:
 - ✓ Utilities (+\$199K).
 - ✓ Insurance Premiums (+\$146K).
- Reduction in discretionary spending (travel, training, etc.) as well as targeted reductions in accordance with spending trends (legal, advertising, etc.).

← Impact of Millage Shift.

← Pro-rata subsidy based on call volume.

Service Delivery Standards



■ Compensation

- Alpharetta is focused on being a top-tier employer in the North Fulton market. This is evident in the compensation plan adjustments made since the COVID pandemic.
- 54% growth in Personnel Budget between FY 2020-2027^(draft)
 - Average annual growth of 6% (incl. Jail staffing)

	COVID						DRAFT	
	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	FY 2026	FY 2027
Merit								
July	-	3%	3%	4%	4%	4%	3%	3%
November (all employees)			3%					
November (add 'I' for Police/911)			10%					
Other Compensation Adjustments								
Public Safety Compensation Plan Update	✓							
One-Time Compensation Payout		✓						
Evergreen Class & Compensation Study		✓						
1st Responders Supplemental Grant			✓					
Salary Compression Adjustments				✓				
Market-based Personnel Compensation adjustments					✓	✓	✓	✓

Service Delivery Standards



■ Staffing

- Alpharetta is focused on maintaining and expanding service levels to our community in accordance with the priorities set forth in the Annual Action Plan
 - 43 positions added between FYs 2019-2026
 - 88% within Public Safety (38 positions)
 - » Includes 15 positions for Jail Services
 - 12% within all other Areas

Annual Recurring Capital Needs



- Goal is to fund Recurring Capital from General Operations (between current year appropriation and prior year fund balance) and not unsustainable sources such as TSPLOST.
- City has 5-Year Capital Needs Plan (\$100M; FYs 2026-2030)
 - Based on studies and/or internal assessments of all asset types, life expectancies, level of service targets, etc.
- Annual Replacement (“Recurring”) Needs: >\$15M
 - \$4.0M Milling & Resurfacing
 - \$3.0M Stormwater
 - \$2.2M Fleet
 - \$5.8M Technology, Facilities, Recreation Fields/Courts/Turf and Playgrounds, Sidewalks, Non-PS Fleet/Equipment, Transportation Infrastructure, etc.

FY 2027 Base Budget Capital



■ General Fund Budget

• Capital Funding

- Balanced Budget required reducing Annual Capital Appropriation from \$1.6M to \$475K.
- General Fund (\$6.1M; Goal = \$15M)
 - Prio-Year Excess Fund Balance of \$5.6M (fluctuates annually based on operations)

History	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Amended 2026	Projected 2027
Annual Capital Appropriation	\$4.8M	\$0.2M	\$1.7M	\$3.0M	\$5.8M	\$4.0M	\$1.6M	\$475K
Fund Balance Carryforward (year)	\$4.5M (2018)	\$4.4M (2019)	\$5.8M (2020)	\$12.6M (2021)	\$10.5M (2022)	\$9.4M (2023)	\$5.0M (2024)	\$5.7M (2025)
	\$3.0M (2019)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	\$12.3M	\$4.5M	\$7.5M	\$15.6M	\$16.3M	\$13.4M	\$6.6M	\$6.1M
TSPLOST							\$4.5M	\$4.8M



Funding Our
Future

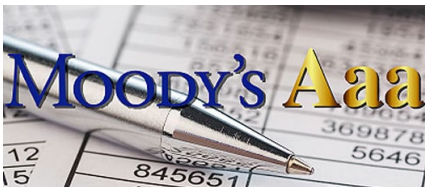


Bond Rating/Capacity

	Principal Outstanding (FYE 2025)	Rating	Final Maturity	Debt Service; Principal/Interest (FY 2026)	Funding Source
General Obligation (GO) Bonds					
GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	\$ 1,850,000	AAA	2026	\$ 1,893,290	Debt Service Fund
GO Bonds, Series 2016	46,740,000	AAA	2041	1,923,988	Debt Service Fund
GO Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	16,500,000	AAA	2032	1,160,000	Debt Service Fund
GO Bonds, Series 2022	25,305,000	AAA	2047	1,633,268	Debt Service Fund
	<u>\$ 90,395,000</u>			<u>\$ 6,610,545</u>	
Development Authority Bonds					
Revenue Bonds, Series 2013	\$ 1,995,000	AAA	2033	\$ 291,065	General Fund
Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	21,055,000	AAA	2041	1,448,713	Hotel/Motel Fund
	<u>\$ 23,050,000</u>			<u>\$ 1,739,778</u>	

AAA

S&P Global
Ratings



• Capacity

- No legal limit capacity issues nor immediate pressure on Bond Rating
- More about planning/investing in future/revenue source

Bond Rating Positives/Negatives



Positives

Economy & Demographics

- Exceptionally healthy large, diverse tax base
- Full value per capita above US median
- Affluent and growing local economy

Financial Condition

- Fund balance as a percent of operating revenues is consistent with U.S. medians
- Superior operating cash position with strong access to external liquidity
- Strong budgetary performance with general fund and total governmental fund operating surpluses
- Diverse general fund revenues

Debt & Pension

- Strong debt and contingent liability profile
- Pension and OPEB are not an immediate source of pressure

Management

- Prudent long-term budgeting
- Formalized debt, investment, and fund balance policies

ESG

- Long term environmental risk is low
- Healthy social credit profile
- Stable governance

Negatives

Economy & Demographics

- None

Financial Condition

- Sizable capital plan

Debt & Pension

- Slow payout of outstanding debt

Management

- None

ESG

- Some elevated exposure to heat stress

5-Year CIP

FY 2026-2030 Capital Improvement Plan

June 11, 2025

	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	Total
Sources						
General Fund (Annual Appropriation)	\$ 3,091,292	\$ 3,174,538	\$ 3,238,029	\$ 3,302,789	\$ 3,368,845	\$ 16,175,493
General Fund (Fund Balance)	5,017,048	5,102,022	9,528,358	8,690,058	8,574,399	36,911,885
	<u>\$ 8,108,340</u>	<u>\$ 8,276,560</u>	<u>\$ 12,766,387</u>	<u>\$ 11,992,847</u>	<u>\$ 11,943,244</u>	<u>\$ 53,087,378</u>
Other Funds (Investment Earnings)	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000	\$ 430,000	\$ 430,000	\$ 2,060,000
Other Funds (Fund Balance)	3,695,000	-	-	-	-	3,695,000
Impact Fees	575,000	-	-	-	-	575,000
TSPLOST 1 and 2	8,100,000	4,768,700	-	-	-	12,868,700
TSPLOST 3 (forecast)	-	-	4,891,800	5,009,200	5,140,900	15,041,900
	<u>\$ 12,770,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,168,700</u>	<u>\$ 5,291,800</u>	<u>\$ 5,439,200</u>	<u>\$ 5,570,900</u>	<u>\$ 34,240,600</u>
Capital Lease						
Fleet Replacement: Fire Apparatus Replacements	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 742,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,742,000
Fire Extrication Equipment Replacements	-	-	179,000	-	-	179,000
Heart Monitor & AEDs Replacements	660,000	-	-	-	-	660,000
Mobile (Vehicle) Radio Replacements	-	-	-	600,000	-	600,000
Portable (Handheld) Radios Replacement	-	-	-	1,766,000	-	1,766,000
Grant/Contribution						
Local Maintenance Improvement Grant (LMIG); Milling and Resurfacing	710,000	731,300	753,200	775,800	799,100	3,769,400
Local Roads Assistance (LRA) Grant; Milling and Resurfacing, Bridge and Guardrail Maintenance	851,107	-	-	-	-	851,107
Alpharetta Youth Baseball Association Contribution	250,000	-	-	-	-	250,000
	<u>\$ 6,471,107</u>	<u>\$ 1,473,300</u>	<u>\$ 932,200</u>	<u>\$ 3,141,800</u>	<u>\$ 799,100</u>	<u>\$ 12,817,507</u>
Total Sources	<u>\$ 27,349,447</u>	<u>\$ 14,918,560</u>	<u>\$ 18,990,387</u>	<u>\$ 20,573,847</u>	<u>\$ 18,313,244</u>	<u>\$ 100,145,485</u>

	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029	FY 2030	Total
Uses (by Department)						
Economic Development	\$ 100,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 400,000
Information Technology	958,800	450,800	964,000	622,300	630,800	3,626,700
Public Safety	6,994,114	2,692,000	2,364,000	4,636,000	2,355,000	19,041,114
Public Works	10,457,500	9,344,000	11,695,500	11,820,500	11,995,600	55,313,100
Recreation, Parks & Cultural Services	2,305,000	1,255,000	2,183,000	2,065,000	1,863,000	9,671,000
Community Development	183,600	149,900	746,200	451,500	454,900	1,986,100
Total Uses	<u>\$ 20,999,014</u>	<u>\$ 14,041,700</u>	<u>\$ 18,002,700</u>	<u>\$ 19,645,300</u>	<u>\$ 17,349,300</u>	<u>\$ 90,038,014</u>
Non-Allocated (Sources-Uses)	<u>\$ 6,350,433</u>	<u>\$ 876,860</u>	<u>\$ 987,687</u>	<u>\$ 928,547</u>	<u>\$ 963,944</u>	<u>\$ 10,107,471</u>
Total Uses + Non-Allocated	<u>\$ 27,349,447</u>	<u>\$ 14,918,560</u>	<u>\$ 18,990,387</u>	<u>\$ 20,573,847</u>	<u>\$ 18,313,244</u>	<u>\$ 100,145,485</u>

■ CIP Funding Challenges

- Funding Recurring Capital Investment
 - General Fund
 - Other Sources (grants, TSPLOST, etc.)
- Funding New Improvements
 - Grants, Bonds, etc.
 - Capital Funding

Resource Comparisons



- Targeted Revenue Structure comparison

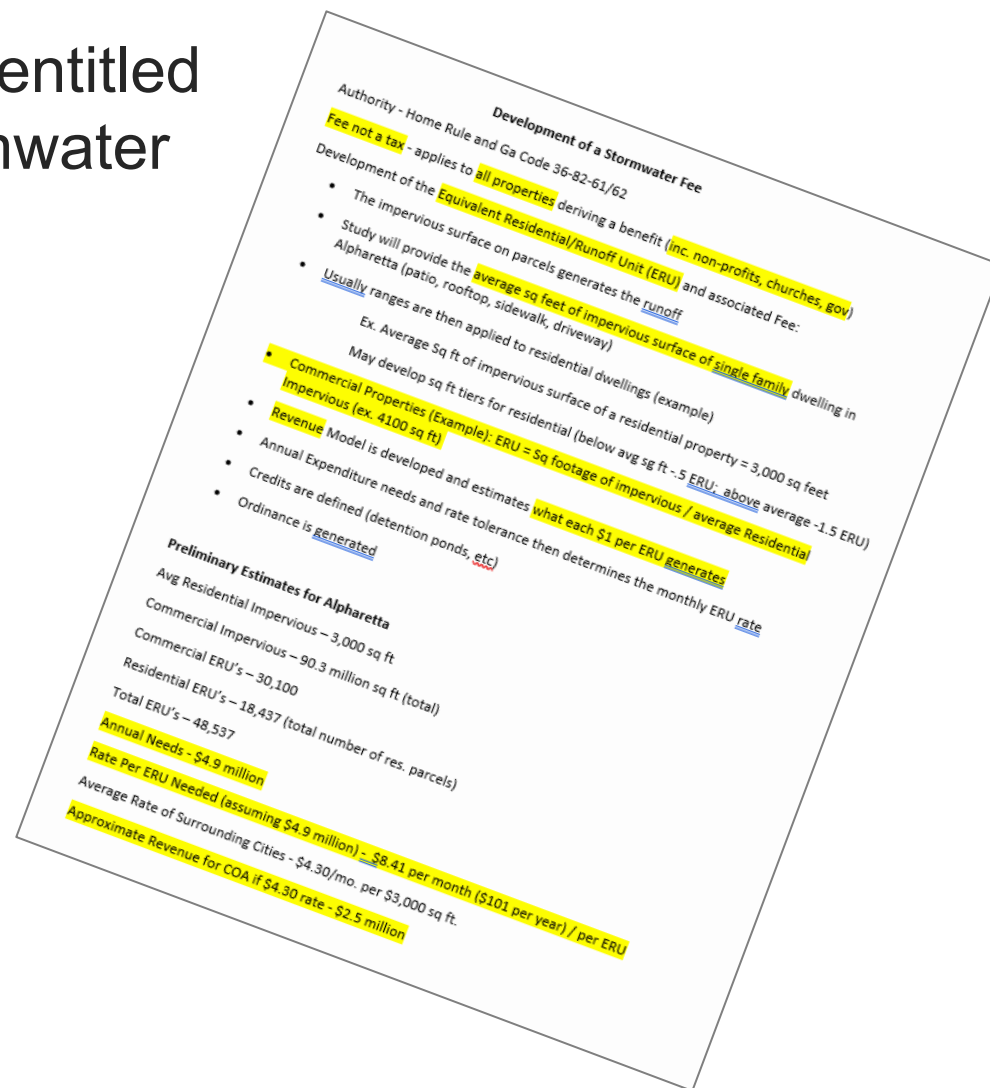
City	Total Millage Rate	Homeowner Effective Millage Rate*	Business & Occupational Tax	Stormwater Fee	Special Services Tax**
Alpharetta	5.750	4.222	\$ 2,200,000	\$ -	\$ -
Brookhaven	3.210	2.388	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 5,612,562	\$ 8,245,205
Johns Creek	3.742	3.305	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 3,150,000	\$ -
Milton	4.503	3.968	\$ 1,245,200	\$ -	\$ -
Roswell	4.949	4.049	\$ 6,790,000	\$ 4,801,700	\$ -
Sandy Springs	4.731	4.478	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -	\$ -

*Effective Millage Rate (operations and debt) reflects the impact of Homestead Exemptions (not including the Floating Homestead Exemption) and is based on an average home value of \$700,000.

** Includes the Special Tax District millage rate of 4.0 mills levied by the City of Brookhaven on all commercial properties. Does not include the subarea-specific Special Tax District millage levies (e.g. Vista Special Tax District, etc.).

Stormwater Fee

- Please refer to Handout entitled “Development of a Stormwater Fee”.



Special Services Tax

- Please refer to Handout entitled “Special Districts/Special Service Districts”.

Special Districts/ “Special Service Districts”

Article IX, Section II, Paragraph VI of the Ga Constitution- Paragraph VI. **Special districts.** As hereinafter provided in this Paragraph, special districts may be created for the provision of local government services within such districts; and fees, assessments, and taxes may be levied and collected within such districts to pay, wholly or partially, the cost of providing such services therein and to construct and maintain facilities therefor. Such special districts may be created, and fees, assessments, or taxes may be levied and collected therein by any one or more of the following methods:

- (a) By general law which directly creates the districts. (ex of these districts: LOST; Hotel/Motel Tax)
- (b) By general law which requires the creation of districts under conditions specified by such general law.
- (c) By municipal or county ordinance or resolution, except that no such ordinance or resolution may supersede a law enacted by the General Assembly pursuant to subparagraphs (a) or (b) of this Paragraph. Districts created hereunder are often referred to “Special Service Districts” (example – TAD districts; CBID; Atlanta Beltline District)

Establishment/Legal Provisions of SSDs

Municipality would adopt ordinance or resolution to set up SSD

Boundaries are set to establish the area.

Tax imposed by the SSD is not a municipal tax (Supreme Court of Georgia)

Area can include both residential and commercial properties.

Taxes can be levied on just the commercial properties of the SSD

Examples of SSDs

Atlanta Beltline -

City of Brookhaven -

The Brookhaven City Council formally established a Special Service District (SSD) on December 30, 2021, to provide a funding mechanism for catalytic capital projects and services in the identified area.

Initial millage rate of 4,000 mills for the SSD.

A four-part criterion was used in establishing the recommended SSD projects and the prioritization.